# The millennia for today

Archaeology against war:

yesterday's Urkesh in today's Syria



Now that we are at the extreme edge of the earth, my companion asked me, crying: do you think we will ever return?

#### I told her:

Let us cross now, but not as migrants do, rather like sparrows, who know they will return.

## The millennia for today. Archaeology against War: Yesterday's Urkesh in today's Syria

This exhibit was originally produced for the XXXIX edition of the Meeting per l'amicizia fra i popoli Rimini, August 2018

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With the collaboration of
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"Scuola Media Statale G. Floreanini" in Domodossola (Italy)

We call this remarkable effort in community archaeology the URKESH BEYOND URKESH project and UCLA has played a major role in supporting it:

the COTSEN INSTITUTE OF ARCHAEOLOGY is hosting the project and its server in the Mesopotamian Lab and has provided financial support through its Ahmanson Field Grant program

#### the OFFICE OF THE VICE-CHANCELLOR FOR RESEARCH

has provided financial support in 2011-13 for the project "The modern face of an ancient city" within its program "Seeding Transdiciplinary Work"

#### the COMMITTEE ON RESEARCH OF THE ACADEMIC SENATE

has provided financial support for the development of the main website of the Urkesh project and for the website dealing with its theoretical aspects

For details please visit urkesh.org/support

#### The major sponsors of the project and of the exhibit are







#### with the contribution of

















#### For details please visit avasa.it/founders

This exhibit presents the very particular story of an archaeological site in Syria, during the recent eight years of war.

The ancient city of Urkesh, today Tell Mozan, in Northeastern Syria, became the center of new and varied activities around the archaeological site, a strong and unexpected synergy between a variety of communities and social groups.

In strong contrast with the destructive violence of war and the intentional and perverted iconoclastic fury of ISIS, Urkesh has emerged as a source of hope and a reason of pride for the people who live in the area.

In this perspective, the project has become a model of this new sensitivity that archaeology as a discipline is developing – a sensitivity towards the value of the land as a shared element between the ancients and the people who live there today.

Tested by the war, the Urkesh project has affirmed the value of what community archaeology means.

For more information please visit www.avasa.it/en

# A dead city, and yet alive

# Conservation and tourism in time of war



We are going to the past to be alone in it to return to it, to the traces it left in us..

We are going...

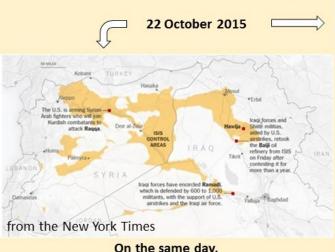
We are going to the past without riot, without banners, without medallions..

We are coming back...
we are coming back...
to....
our home



An ancient monument provokes us: what relevance does it have for our present?

Does it make sense to protect an ancient staircase when such overwhelming forces threaten to take over?



On the same day,
when ISIS came to within 35 miles of our site,
our workmen are repairing
the great staircase of the temple





How can we protect our staircase from the other enemy, the autumn storms?

And how can we protect the Royal Palace from the winter snow?





## A simple beauty

We cover the palace walls with localized shelters: metallic frames whose sides are made of burlap – a natural, local material.



The emphasis is on simple maintenance, regularly carried out.



#### The stones also suffer ...





On the monumental staircase to the temple, we must remove the vegetation growing among the stones, and cover the old mortar made of mud with new layers of mud.

If left esposed to rain and snow, the entire structure would fall apart.

### Urkesh, during the war



Offering normality in a time when nothing is normal is not impossible.

That an ancient site like Urkesh can become a tourist destination while all around war is raging is a good omen for the future of Syria.







All images are from 2016-18

## An inexhaustible curiosity





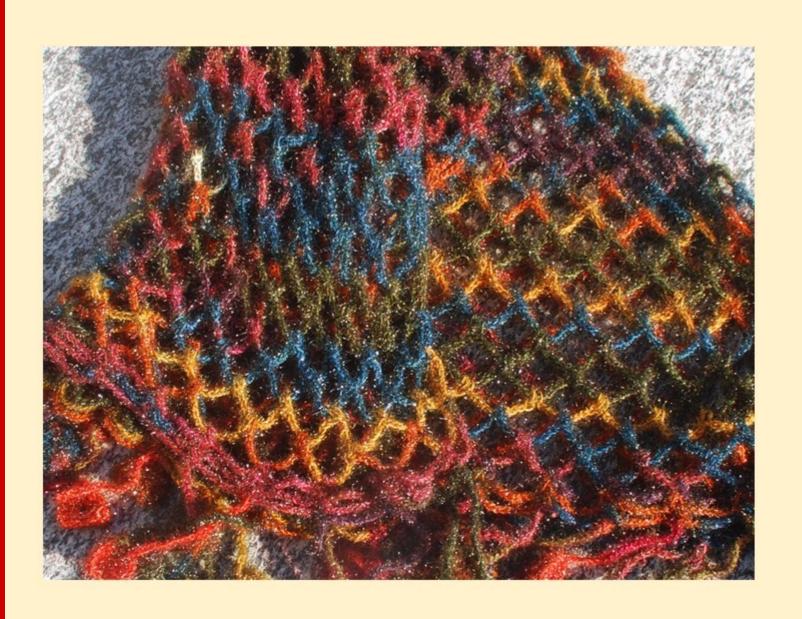
Nowhere is the joy of discovery as clear as with the youngsters who come by the hundreds.

This is what one of them wrote after visiting Urkesh:

"I was so excited to see the monuments...
The people who lived there were Syrians!"

# The yesterday of today

## Fruition and sustainability



Don't ask me

how I am knitting, in the heart of darkness, your wool sweater for next winter.

I know, stitch by stitch, the cold places of your solitude

#### The idea of a park

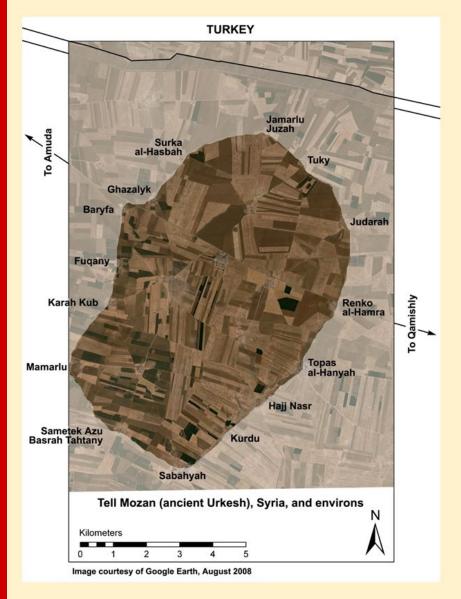


Today's territory, with its landscape and human geography, has a relationship of synergy with the Urkesh of yesterday.

To preserve it, we launched the idea of a large eco-archaeological park: 54 square kilometers and 22 villages.

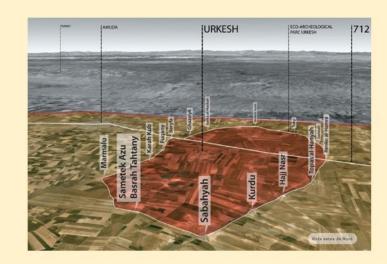


#### From the bottom up



We did not have time to create the legal structures for the park before the war.

So we started two new programs:
in 2012 –
a handicraft atelier for women
in 2017 –
archaeology lectures in the villages



#### The women's atelier

What does a doll have to do with archaeology?

The answer lies in the inscription on this building made of mud: "The portal of Urkesh".

Here we organized an atelier for the women of the villages to gather and work on handicrafts.







Traditional craftsmanship will serve to guide the villages of the "park" towards a sustainable system.

We are in the Atelier of Urkesh!

Identifying themselves with the ancient city, the women of the villages meet to produce dolls and clothes, teaching this art to the younger generations.





# Bringing Urkesh to every village

Our "awareness" program explains to local communities the concrete value of the Urkesh archaeological project.

The newly found pride in their past is the best guarantee for the protection of the site and the environment.

The meetings are in schools or homes, the cells of tomorrow's society.

Two young archaeologists from the area, Ristom Abdo and Amer Ahmad, have joined our project and have become our spokepersons, laying the foundations of the future.













# Urkesh speaks Syrian

#### The exhibits



No one knows the secret it is hiding — this white, blue and black gravel — under the words it speaks, upon which silence is sprinkled.

The heart of the traveler falls in the abyss and remains hanging from a star... until he can come back.

Sometimes, it happens that the traveler does not come back. Then the traveler's heart remains as if a refugee

on a star, forever!





## The beginnings

We produced the first exhibit for the American Embassy in Damascus.

Thirty-three panels rich, it held great significance because of the venue where it took place: the Ambassador's residence.

Just as significant was the occasion: the reception for the diplomatic corps on July 4<sup>th</sup>, 2010, Independence Day.



The Embassy's exhibit acquired an even greater significance when it was displayed a year later in the National Museum in Damascus, on March 2, 2011.

On March 15 the crisis began which resulted in the war and the break-up of relations between Syria and the USA.

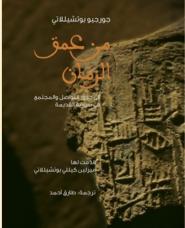
Our exhibit was thus the last time when the two flags have been seen together.



In 2012, the smallest and yet the biggest of all our exhibits...

A collection of photos of the excavations, organized and set up by the villagers around Mozan in a mudbrick house close to the "Gate of Urkesh" atelier.





#### From Italy to Syria

August 2014:

the first major exhibit in Italy, at the "Meeting for Friendship among Peoples" in Rimini.

Entitled From the depths of time, it attracted more than 22,000 visitors in one week.



Among the Syrian colleagues present as guests,
Dr. Suleiman Elias poposed to take the exhibit to Qamishli and other cities near the excavations.

And it did not take long...

At the end of December 2014 and in the first two months of 2015, the exhibit toured a dozen cities in north-eastern Syria.

Here we are in Amuda, the nearest town to Urkesh.
Note the name in the background: "The Center for Renewal of Civil Society".
How much eloquence in a few words!







## From Syria to Italy – and to Los Angeles!

November 2017 – Beirut April 2018 – Qamishli July 2018 – Leiden August 2018 – Rimini May 2019 – UCLA

The UCLA exhibit is a modified version of these earlier exhibits.



Above, the room at the American University of Beirut during the opening ceremony.

Below: the exhibit in Qamishli.





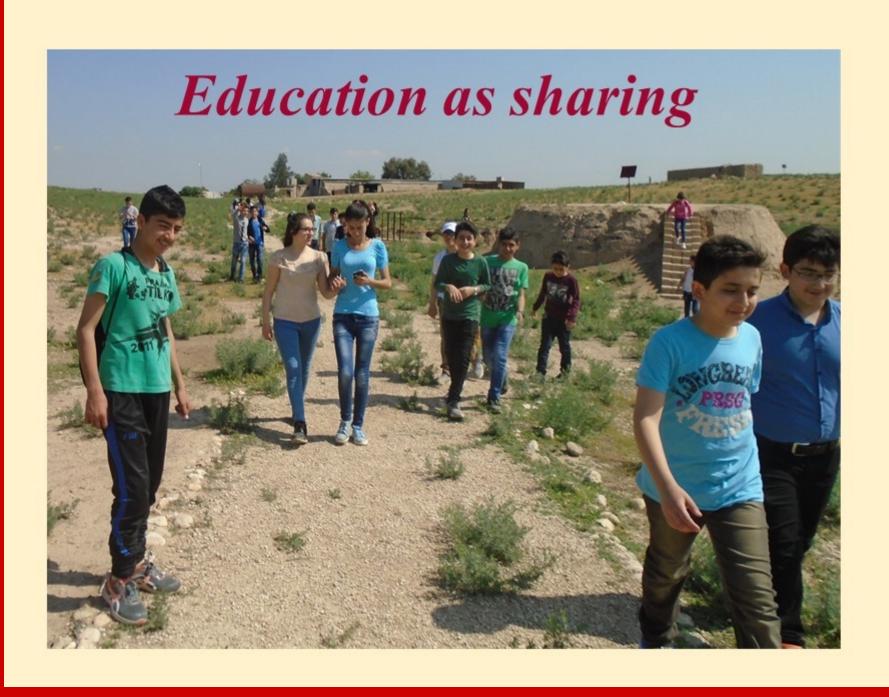
In Qamishli, the original English panels were translated into Arabic and Kurdish (see the red pages).

The Rimini version drew five thousand visitors in one week.





# Archaeology for a young future



I will walk
and walk and walk
until I see
with my own eyes
the creator of frost

And then...
I will light
the idea of fire,
in his house.

in this world.



## The roots of tomorrow

June 2018

\_\_\_\_\_ Domodossola, Italy

Qamishli, Syria



Two groups of middle school students, connected by a simple technology: Internet and Skype.

Together, they started to reflect on a common theme: what makes you feel at home? It was a gateway to the study of the past – and of archaeology.



More than eighty of their essays give us unexpcted insights into a young world facing the war, whether near or far.

المعد محمد حالا و داهر بعد المقلد و التوريد التوريد التوريد و المعدد من التوريد و المعدد من التوريد و المعدد و ا



In Arabic and Italian, they are witness to the ingenuity and creativity of two cultures meeting one another.

#### Urkesh – a university training ground





Ours is the only one, out of more than a hundred foreign projects in Syria, that has remained active throughout the war.







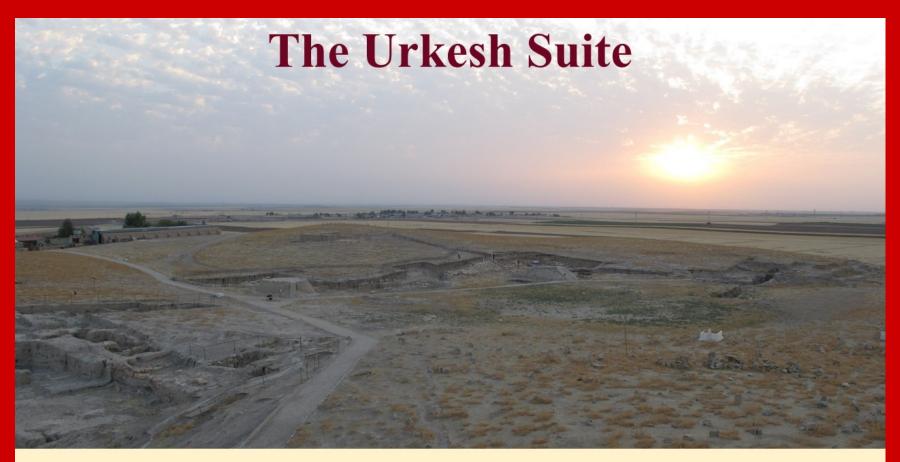


Here is a note sent by a young female student:

"We came to Tell Mozan,
Urkesh... Now we are learning
to work with coordinates and
archaeological mapping...
as students of archaeology, we
need to experience it in
practice"

So we organized workshops in ceramic analysis and surveying at our site,

the only one where they can have a direct hands-on experience. It is a wonderful synergy between UCLA and the Syrian students.



We asked the students of the musical Middle School Floreanini of Domodossola to compose a musical suite that could interpret this exhibit.

We wanted to invite them (and all of us, with them) to reflect, taking a distance from the obsessive visual inputs that characterize our culture.

They did, under the guidance of their teacher Enzo Sartori.
So now close your eyes, and listen...

### In counterpoint...



... you can share in these two small but extraordinary musical adventures by joining us and listening to this special experiment in counterpoint... July 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2018.
Echoing the musical project of their Italian counterparts, the students of our Syria school project, with their music teacher, Mohammed Saleh, organized a concert on the monumental staircase of our temple..